

Q & A

Q. Do you need to remove the protection layer from Ora-Aid?

Ora-Aid is composed of two layers: protection layer and attachment layer. When the attachment layer dissolves completely with moisture/saliva in mouth, the protection layer is sutured onto the site (see additional question below concerning suturing).

Q. Can we use the Ora-Aid in the case of perforation of the sinus membrane?

No, absolutely not. Ora-Aid is NOT a membrane, it's just an external protector.

Q. Can Ora-Aid be sutured in place for a longer period? What is the suture protocol?

Ora-Aid is a wound dressing, adhesive band made of polymer, which contains two layers, The outer layer is a protective layer turns into an adhesive gel when it comes into contact with blood, saliva, or water. The adhesive layer only lasts up to 6 hours, so if you want the protective layer for a longer duration, you need to secure the Ora-Aid in place using sutures and follow the suture protocol. Please note that the protection layer is non-resorbable, so it will have to be removed if non-resorbable sutures are used, and in case of resorbable sutures, the protection layer will simply fall off, when it is longer secured. Please be sure to watch the suture protocol video.

Q. Why would the Ora-Aid no stick well or fall off too quickly?

If Ora-Aid did not stick well or fell off too quickly the most likely explanation is that it was attached incorrectly to the surface of the wound or the affected area.

Please be sure to follow the directions exactly. Be sure to cut the Ora-Aid into the proper shape and size.

Place the Ora-Aid on the wound area and press it ~ 5-10 seconds to create a strong adhesion.

Additionally, please note that although Ora-Aid requires some moisture for attachment, too much moisture will affect adhesion. So in the case of excessive moisture, try to remove it by using a gauze on the wound. Additionally, we recommend to always attach Ora-Aid to hard tissue. If you only attach it to soft tissue, it may not last long or adhere properly, due to the movement of soft tissue muscle.

Q. How long does Ora-Aid stay adhered at the site?

In general, Ora-Aid adheres for approximately 6 hours. However, the exact time depends on the area of attachment and the particular circumstances.

Q. What is Ora-Aid made from?

The adhesive side is composed of a water soluble polymer. The protection side consists of a water-insoluble polymer.

Specifically, Ora-Aid is made from polymeric materials including Hydroxyethyl cellulose. A full listing of the materials can be found in the original FDA filing.

Q. Can Ora-Aid remain on the site for longer than a few days?

Yes, in general, Ora-Aid is meant to stay on the site for around 6 hours, Ora-Aid can certainly be used to protect the site for a longer period of time.

If you require a longer attachment time, you should suture the Ora-Aid on the wound, being sure to follow the recommended suture protocol.

Q. How does Ora-Aid compare to Coe-Pak?

Coe-Pak has excellent adhesive properties and is a good dressing. However, it has the following limitations: it has a poor appearance, is bulky, and has a ill-defined setting time. To overcome these problems, Ora-Aid was developed.

As opposed to Coe-Pak, Ora-Aid requires no mixing, adheres almost immediately to the wound site, and is clear and thin.

In sum, Ora-Aid is easier and simpler to use than Coe-Pak, provides better esthetics, and requires no mixing or setting time.

Q. Does Ora-Aid have FDA 510-K clearance?

Yes!

Ora-Aid is an intra-oral non-eugenol dressing for protecting oral wounds, and represents a phenomenal innovation in oral wound management and care. Ora-Aid is comprised of 2 layers: an oral mucosa adhesive side and a protection side. When exposed to moisture, the adhesive side changes into a gel state to achieve adhesion to the wound area. The protection side consists of a water insoluble polymer which covers the wound to protect the applicable area from the environment in the oral cavity. Please visit our website and watch clinical case videos.

- Proven technology with years of use in Europe and Asia.
- Protects intraoral wounds from food, bacteria and other foreign substances.
- Protects suture threads from tongue irritation
- Protects bone graft materials and membranes
- Reduces pain and sensitivity
- Prevents damage to the site during initial healing period
- Easy to cut and shape
- Rapid healing effects by protecting the healing growth factors in exudate
- No working time limitation or mixing required!
- Superior esthetics! Dressing is transparent!



Simply Cut, Peel, & Apply



Protect Wounds and More!

INTRA-ORAL WOUND DRESSING



25x15 mm 20/pack

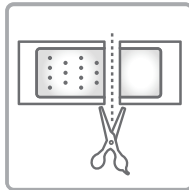


50x15 mm 20/pack

How to Use



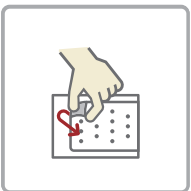
1. Irrigate the wound with sterile or saline solution



2. Cut Ora-Aid into a proper shape and size. It should be trimmed according to the length of surgical site. (watch our videos for a demonstration of a cutting technique)



3. Slightly remove moisture, and excess saliva with gauze on the wound. Excessive moisture of exudation may reduce the adhesive strength and attachment time of Ora-Aid



4. Remove transparent paper and apply Ora-Aid on the wound.



5. Gently press Ora-Aid 5 to 10 seconds while Ora-Aid adheres to wound

Watch Suture Protocol

How to attach Ora-Aid properly



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E . scott@tbmkorea.com
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